



# How To Request A 3 Colour Observation Using the GCSE Option

Requesting an 3 observation from the Liverpool Telescope can be quick and simple to do. This guide will take you through the steps required to utilise the NSO website and make requests of the world's largest fully robotic telescope.

A 3 colour image involves making 3 observation requests of the same object, using 3 different filters. These images are then combined using astronomy software, such as LT Image, to create a 3 colour image.

## Stages:

- 1. Log in to the NSO website
- 2. Go to 'Go Observing'
- 3. Select the object you wish to observe
- 4. Set the parameters of your observation





## 1. Log in to the NSO website

We must first ensure we are logged into the NSO website which is done by clicking the 'Login' link at the top of the screen. Alternatively if you have not yet created an account, this can be done by clicking the 'Register' link, which is also at the top of the screen. Registering is free and takes only a couple of minutes.









## 2. Go to 'Go Observing'

After logging in we need to select 'Go Observing' from the top menu, this is the section of the NSO website that deals with making requests from the Liverpool Telescope.



Select the 'GCSE Astronomy' option.



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#### **3.** Select the object you wish to observe

You'll then be presented with several options, select the one called '3 Colour Observation of a Nebula or Galaxy'.

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Request	t your own ol	bservations from	the Liverpool Tele	scope.					
Some ob	oservational p	rojects for studen	ts studying the GCS	E in Astronon	ıy.				
These pr our over	rojects are so view of <b>GCSE</b>	mewhat more cha E Astronomy and	llenging than many the NSO.	Go Observin	g programmes,	so you will need	d to do some p	reparation befo	re trying them. See
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You will then be asked to select the date you wish the telescope to start trying to take your observation and how long you wish the telescope to keep trying. Make your selections and then click the 'Continue' button.





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Go Ob	serving								
When to	start your	Observations							
Because	some objec	cts can only be observ	ed at certain tim	ies, you need	to decide when y	you want your ol	oservations to	be carried o	ut.
You can a	also use this	s to plan lahead and e	plore what you o	can do at diffe	erent times of the	year.			
When do	you want to	o start trying to observe	ə?						
24 ᅌ	January	2018 😋							Help
How long	after that d	to you want to conside	r?						
⊖ A Day	O A Week	🔇 💿 A Month 🔿 3 Mor	iths 🔿 A Year						Help
This is, of	course, im	portant if you want to	make sure that y	ou can obser	ve a particular ob	oject, as some w	ill only be visi	ble at certain	times of the year.
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You will then be asked to select which object you wish to observe. Simply click the name of the object to proceed.





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Go Observing Choosing a suitable object to obs	erve		
Choosing a suitable object to obs	erve		
There are many objects in the unive			
	rse that you <i>could</i> o	observe, but a lot of them are not suitable for t	his particular telescope - they might be to
small, or they might only be observe	able from a different	part of the world and so on.	
Here we have gathered together a r	number of objects th	at are generally suitable. However, not all car	n be observed all year, so you need to ch
Choose one of the objects in the lis	t below		
To find out more about each one, c	lick on the 🙂. You	can come back and change your choice late	er if you wish.
			*
			Search
Object Name		General type	Coordinate
NGC23	0	A Spiral Galaxy with a Bar	00:09:53, +25:55:26 (J2000)
BD57_22	6	(Not classified yet)	00:10:46, +58:46:10 (J2000)
Bow Tie Nebula	6	An HII Region	00:13:01, +72:31:19 (J2000)
NGC146	A	A Diffuse Nebula	00:33:06, +63:18:00 (J2000)
NGC153	Ô	A Spiral Galaxy with a Bar	00:34:03, -09:42:19 (J2000)
NGC157	ค	A Spiral Galaxy with a Bar	00:34:47, -08:23:47 (J2000)
	0	An Elliptical Galaxy	00:38:58, +48:20:15 (J2000)
Caldwell 18	A		
Caldwell 18 Messier 110	0	An Elliptical Galaxy	00:40:22. +41:41:07 (J2000)
Caldwell 18 Messier 110 ARP168	0	An Elliptical Galaxy	00:40:22, +41:41:07 (J2000)
Caldwell 18 Messier 110 ARP168	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	An Elliptical Galaxy An Elliptical Galaxy	00:40:22, +41:41:07 (J2000) 00:42:42, +40:51:55 (J2000)
Caldwell 18 Messier 110 ARP168 NGC225	0 0 0	An Elliptical Galaxy An Elliptical Galaxy A Diffuse Nebula	00:40:22, +41:41:07 (J2000) 00:42:42, +40:51:55 (J2000) 00:43:39, +61:46:30 (J2000)
Caldwell 18 Messier 110 ARP168 NGC225 Skull Nebula	0 0 0 0	An Elliptical Galaxy An Elliptical Galaxy A Diffuse Nebula An HII Region	00:40:22, +41:41:07 (J2000) 00:42:42, +40:51:55 (J2000) 00:43:39, +61:46:30 (J2000) 00:47:03, -11:52:19 (J2000)
Caldwell 18 Messier 110 ARP168 NGC225 Skull Nebula NGC309		An Elliptical Galaxy An Elliptical Galaxy A Diffuse Nebula An HII Region A Spiral Galaxy with a Bar	00:40:22, +41:41:07 (J2000) 00:42:42, +40:51:55 (J2000) 00:43:39, +61:46:30 (J2000) 00:47:03, -11:52:19 (J2000) 00:56:43, -09:54:50 (J2000)







#### 4. Set the parameters for your observation

At this point you are asked to determine the exposure time for each of your three observations. You can also select the filters to be used in each, although by default these are already set to red, green and blue. Once you have made your selections click the 'Continue' button.

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Go Ob	serving								
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Next you will be asked to select whether your observation requires the Moon to be down and what level of seeing is required. Again, make your selections and click the 'Continue' button.



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The final screen in the process asks you to confirm everything is correct before submission. It shows each of your 3 requests, with the selected parameters. You will also see a blue/black bar. This indicates the chance of successfully observing the object. The left hand side of the bar is today, and as it moves towards the right it is indicating for dates in the future. The darker the segment the less chance of success, so a fully black bar would indicate little to no chance of an observation being successful in the timeframe selected. Perhaps the object is not visible in the northern hemisphere at this particular time of year. However, a brighter bar would indicate a very good chance of success.



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#### Go Observing

#### Submit your Observations

You have chosen the Observing Programme "3-colour observation of a nebula or galaxy" and you will be using The Liverpool Telescope.

Your observations will take place as soon as possible. If the observations cannot be done immediately, we will keep trying for **a month**. If this is not what you want then you can **change the timing** ().

Sometimes some objects are very difficult to observe, particularly if your observations need very dark skies or unusually good conditions. This may mean that your observations cannot be done for a while. You can use the special Colour Bars to check.

Skull Nebula 🚺	Observation details				
	Red observation.  Instrument: IOOpt		1 Feb 2018	10	20
	• Filter: R		160 2010		
	Acceptable conditions:				
	Dark (Moon is down)				
	Good "seeing"				
nage: Digitized Sky Survey	/				
	Green observation.				
	Instrument: IOOpt				
	Filter: V				
	<ul> <li>Exposure time: 30 seconds</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Acceptable conditions:</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Dark (Moon is down)</li> </ul>				
	Good "seeing"				
	Blue observation.				
	<ul> <li>Instrument: IOOpt</li> </ul>				
	Filter: B				
	<ul> <li>Exposure time: 30 seconds</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Acceptable conditions:</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Dark (Moon is down)</li> </ul>				
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	Do you want to submit this Observing Programme?			vour populard	Planas ba
ureful to enter then con	wara to submit this program, click on the button below. You will be asked for your rectly!	usemam	e again ano	your password.	riease de
ease make sure that y	ou read the Instructions for Submitting Observations carefully first.				
				Submit Ob	servations
	-				
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If you're happy with your selection and wish to send the request to the telescope simple click the 'Submit Observation' button, and you'll be shown a confirmation screen.

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